NATURALIZATIONS.

11.—Number of Naturalizations in Canada by Principal Nationalities during the Calendar years 1907-1912.

Nationalities.	19071.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	Total 1907- 1912.
	No.						
Austrians	1,915	3,982	1,588	1,902	3,833	2,030	15,250
Belgians	129	318	205	191	350	152	1,345
Chinese	283	355	241	78	180	136	1,273
Danes	124	146	154	92	169	158	843
Dutch	34	78	65	85	136	81	479
Finns	122	328	231	328	534	1,259	2,802
French	256	652	344	397	534	346	2,529
Galicians	807	1,083	512	686	818	295	4,201
Germans	319	585	293	333	484	344	2,358
Greeks	60	83	96	63	268	205	775
Hungarians	279	580	164	254	395	217	1,889
Icelanders	238	187	68	114	67	34	708
Italians	891	1,852	866	813	2,009	1,598	8,029
Japanese	306	439	341	306	229	161	1,782
Norwegians	352	444	399	429	597	653	2,874
Poles	62	75	51	102	98	31	419
Rumanians	499	271	184	278	442	184	1,858
Russians	2,127	3,046	1,944	2,865	2,787	1,586	14,355
Swedes	674	905	623	516	844	845	4,407
Swiss	37	81	44	45	67	46	320
Syrians	152	221	162	140	204	176	1,055
Turks	104	59	92	95	236	252	838
United States of America.	7,279	9,000	7,266	5,854	8,021	6,890	44,318
Other Nationalities	450	246	123	186	300	263	1,560
Re-admission	215	715	294	196	505	300	2,225
Totals	17,714	25,731	16,350	16,348	24,108	18,242	118,493

¹For eighteen months.

Indian Affairs.—By Section 5 of the British North America Act, 1867, the Indians of Canada and the lands reserved for them came under the control of the Dominion Government, and in 1873 an Act of the Canadian Parliament (R.S.C. 81), provided that the Minister of the Interior should be Superintendent General of Indian Affairs and as such have the control and management of the lands and property of the Indians in Canada. The aim of the Department of Indian Affairs is the advancement of the Indians in the arts of civilization, and Agents have been appointed to encourage the Indians under their charge to settle on the reserves and to engage in industrial pursuits.

Tables 12-22, compiled from the Reports of the Department, give for the years named particulars respecting population, religion, education, agriculture and financial status. Table 22 shows that during the year 1913 crops to the value of \$1,856,424 were raised by the Indians. Educational advantages are provided for the Indians in day, boarding